

Algebra II (2008)

Exercise 5/week 46

1. Let F/M and M/K be finite field extensions. Show that F/K is finite, and

$$[F : K] = [F : M][M : K].$$

2. Find the minimal polynomial of $\sqrt{2} + i$ over \mathbb{Q} where i is the imaginary unit. Show that $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, i) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + i)$.
3. Find the splitting field of $x^4 - 2x^3 + x - 2$ over \mathbb{Q} .
4. (a) Let f be a polynomial over a field F . Show that f has a multiple root in its splitting field over F if and only if $\gcd(f, f') \neq 1$
(b) Let $z \in \mathbb{C}$ algebraic over \mathbb{Q} . Show that the minimal polynomial of z over \mathbb{Q} has no multiple roots.
5. Let α be a root of the irreducible polynomial $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$ and let γ be a root of the irreducible polynomial $x^4 + x + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$.
(a) Is γ a primitive element of \mathbb{F}_{16} ?
(b) Find an isomorphism from $\mathbb{F}_2(\alpha)$ onto $\mathbb{F}_2(\gamma)$.
6. Find all the subfields of $\mathbb{F}_2(\alpha)$ and give for each of them a basis over \mathbb{F}_2 .
7. Let $a \in \mathbb{F}_q$ and let k be a positive integer. Find the number of solutions of $x^k = a$ in \mathbb{F}_q .
8. Prove: $x^2 = -1$ is solvable in \mathbb{F}_q if and only if q is even or $q \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$.